

and the clearing of said approaches in such manner as to him may be deemed best, and the sum of five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys now in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated, to carry out the objects of this act, which may be drawn from the treasury upon the warrant of said Superintendent: *Provided*, That under authority granted the Superintendent under this act he shall not have the power to bind the State for the payment of a greater amount of money than is hereby appropriated.

SEC. 2. Whereas the near approach of the time set for the dedication of the new capitol, and the importance of having the approaches cleared to the capitol, create an imperative public necessity which requires that the constitutional rule that bills be read on three several days be suspended, and that this act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

[NOTE.—The foregoing act originated in the House, and passed the same by a vote of 71 yeas, 14 nays; and passed the Senate by a vote of 23 yeas, 2 nays.]

Approved, May 1, 1888.

RECEPTION OF NEW STATE CAPITOL.

SEC.	SEC.
1. Creates Capitol Board and defines duties of in respect to receiving new Capitol.	2. Emergency clause.

CHAP. 17.—[S. for S. H. B. No. 38.] An Act to provide for the reception of the new State Capitol Building.

Whereas there is no provision in the law which clearly defines how or in what manner the new State Capitol Building shall be received: Therefore,

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:* That the Governor, Treasurer, Comptroller, and Commissioner of the General Land Office, are hereby constituted a board for the purpose of receiving or rejecting the new State Capitol Building, in whole or in part, with full power to act in the premises, saving and reserving to the State all rights under the contract and the securities given for the performance thereof: *Provided*, That the contractor shall in no wise be held responsible for any injury done to said building by the public after the reception of the said building or any part thereof.

SEC. 2. That the near completion of this important work requires immediate action not heretofore provided for by law, and creates an imperative public necessity and an emergency demanding that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days be suspended, and that this act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

[NOTE.—The foregoing act originated in the House, and passed the same by a vote of 83 yeas, 1 nay; and passed the Senate by a vote of 22 yeas, 5 nays.]

Approved May 2, 1888.